





THE MOORISH NATIONAL REPUBLIC FEDERAL GOVERNMENT NORTHWEST AFRICA. THE MOORISH DIVINE AND NATIONAL MOVEMENT OF THE WORLD.

Northwest Amexem / Northwest Africa / North America.

'The North Gate'.

Societas Republicae Ea Al Maurikanos.

Aboriginal and Indigenous Natural Peoples of the Land.

The true and de jure Al Moroccans / Americans.

Averment Of Jurisdiction - Quo Warranto

For The Record, To Be Read Into The Record

Notice to Agent is Notice to Principal – Notice to Principal is Notice to Agent.

Nunc Pro Tunc

UNITED STATE OF AMERICA and all the Several States
All FEDERAL AGENCIES / CORPORATIONS / SUB-DIVISIONS
All STATE AGENCIES / CORPORATIONS / SUB-DIVISIONS
All FEDERAL AND STATE PRIVATE PUBLIC CONTRACTORS
All Public Servants / Trustees / Agents / Officers of all
Federal and State Agencies, Corporations, Private Public
Contractors, Sub-Divisions, et al.

Res Judicata

Hagans v Lavine 415 U.S. 533., There is no discretion to ignore lack of jurisdiction. Joyce v U.S. 474 2d 215; The law provides that once State and Federal jurisdiction have been challenged, it must be proven. Main v Thiboutot 100. S. Ct 2501 (1980); "Jurisdiction can be challenged at any time " and "jurisdiction, once challenged, cannot be assumed and must be decided". Basso v Utah Power and Light Co. 495 F.2d 906,910.

This is a formal Request and Command for all to produce for the record, the physical documented 'Delegation of Authority', as Proof of Jurisdiction, as required by Law, per Article III, Section 1 of the Untied States Republic Constitution.

PUBLIC HAZARD BONDING OF CORPORATE AGENTS All officials are required by federal, state, and municipal law to provide the name, address and telephone number of their public hazard and malpractice bonding company and the policy number of the bond and, if required, a copy of the policy describing the bonding coverage of their specific job performance. Failure to provide this information constitutes corporate and limited liability insurance fraud (15 USC) and is prim a facie evidence and grounds to impose a lien upon the official personally to secure their public oath and service of office. (18 USC 912)

"Whoever, having taken an oath before a competent tribunal, officer, or person, in any case in which a law of the United States authorizes an oath to be administered, willfully and contrary to such oath states or subscribes any material matter which he does not believe to be true, is guilty of perjury and shall be fined no more than \$2,000.00 or imprisoned not more than five years or both." 18 U.S.C. §1621

Thank You,

IAm. /mnus

Dominus Nobilis El, Authorized Representative

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Quinnehtekqut Territory

[c/o 141 Weston Street #1145 Near HARTFORD CONNECTICUT]

Northwest Amexem

Honorable President Barack Obama White House Washington DC

United States Department of State Hillary Rodman-Clinton

Great Seal National Association of Moorish Affairs Minister :A-El / Minister Taj Tarik Bey / Minister Funtayus Flewellen El

United States Justice Department Attorney General Eric H. Holder Jr.

United Nations High Commissioner for Human Rights Palais Wilson

International Criminal Court Luis Moreno-Ocampo

International Court of Justice Peace Palace The Hague Netherland

Interpol Lyon, France